



# OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

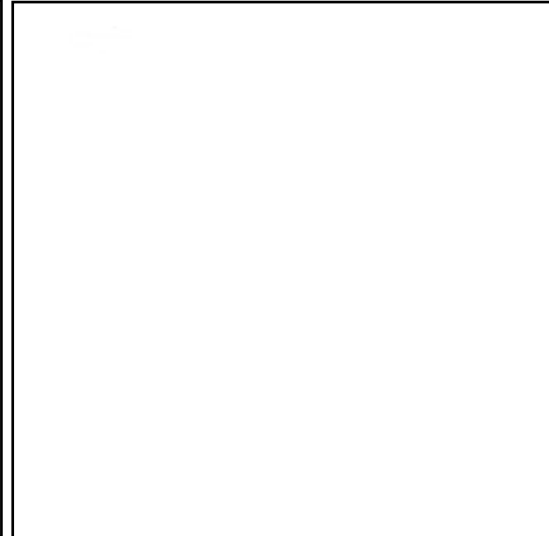
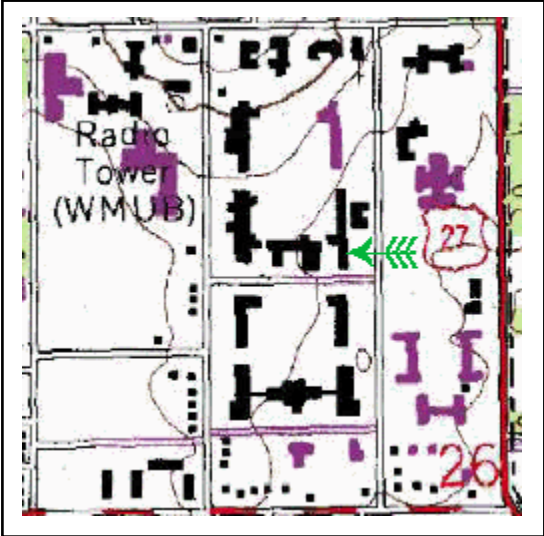
RPR Number:

1. No. <b>BUT-02475-01</b>		4. Present Name(s) <b>Scott Hall</b>		5-01 <b>BUT-0247</b>
2. County <b>Butler</b>		5. Historic or Other Name(s) <b>Scott Hall</b>		
6. Specific Address or Location <b>500 Maple Avenue</b>		19a. Design Sources		2. County <b>Butler</b>
6a. Lot, Section or VMD Number		20. Contractor or Builder <b>Frank Messer &amp; Sons</b>		
7. City or Village <b>Oxford</b>		21. Building Type or Plan <b>Other Building Type</b>		4. Present or Historic Name(s) <b>Scott Hall</b>
9. U.T.M. Reference Quadrangle Name: <b>Oxford</b> <b>16 694851 4374984</b> Zone Easting Northing		22. Original Use, if apparent <b>Dormitory</b>		
10. Classification: <b>Building</b>		23. Present Use <b>Dormitory</b>		35. Plan Shape <b>Irregular</b>
11. On National Register? <b>NO</b>		24. Ownership <b>Public</b>		
13. Part of Established Hist. Dist? <b>NO</b>		25. Owner's Name & Address, if known <b>Miami University</b> <b>Oxford, Ohio 45056</b>		36. Changes associated with 17/17b Dates: 17. <b>Original/Most significant construct</b> 17b. <b>Substantial alteration/addition</b>
15. Other Designation (NR or Local)		26. Property Acreage		
16. Thematic Associations: <b>University</b>		27. Other Surveys		37. Window Type(s) <b>8 over 8</b> <b>6 over 6</b>
17. Date(s) or Period <b>1957</b>		28. No. of Stories <b>Three and a half story</b>		
18. Style Class and Design <b>Dominant Georgian Revival</b>		29. Basement? <b>Yes</b>		38. Building Dimensions
18a. Style of Addition or Element(s)		30. Foundation Material <b>Unknown</b>		
19. Architect or Engineer <b>Cellarius &amp; Hilmer</b>		31. Wall Construction <b>Unknown</b>		39. Endangered? <b>NO</b> By What?
		32. Roof Type <b>Gable</b> Roof Material <b>Clay tile</b>		
		33. No. of Bays Side Bays		40. Chimney Placement <b>Three or more chimneys</b>
		34. Exterior Wall Material(s) <b>Flemish bond</b>		
41. Distance from & Frontage on Road				
42. Further Description of Important Interior and Exterior Features (Continued on Reverse if Necessary) <b>Scott Hall is a 3-1/2 story red brick dormitory building, designed in the Georgian Revival style. Completed in 1957, it is similar in design to the other dormitories facing the same quad. The building has a long rectangular orientation, with a wing that projects to the west, toward MacCracken Hall. The primary entrance, from the South Quad, is off-center, at the north end of the west facade. The entrance is emphasized by a two-story porch, supported by slender columns. The porch has a wood geometric balustrade and modillion cornice. Other features of the building include the doorway with sidelights and curved pediment, 8-over-8 window sash, Flemish bond brick pattern, splayed brick lintels (with keystones on the first floor), fanlight windows, cornice modillions and pedimented dormers. A dining hall was added to the east elevation in 1962. It is attached to Scott Hall by two hallways on the first floor, which creates a courtyard between the two buildings. The one-story dining hall features round arch window openings, with multiple lights and a header course with keystone lintel. Doors are wood with multiple lights and a fanlight transom above. The continued...</b>				
43. History and Significance (Continue on Reverse if necessary) <b>Scott Hall is part of a group of five large dormitories built from 1940-1962 that comprise the northern section of what is known as the South Quadrangle of the South Campus of Miami University. This area had formerly been the site of the Miami Lodges, temporary housing constructed in 1947 to house approximately 600 men, who came to campus following WWII. The South Quad dorms were built in response to enrollment increases. South Quad was designated as the women's residence hall quadrangle. The first two halls constructed were Hamilton (1940) and Richard (1941-1962). They were followed by Scott Hall. MacCracken Hall, the centerpiece of the quadrangle, was finished in 1961. The final building in the northern section of South Quad, Minnich Hall, was completed in 1962. With the continued...</b>				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings (See #52) <b>Scott Hall occupies a location on the east side of the quadrangle, in the vicinity of other similar dormitories from the same period. It is connected by a colonnade to MacCracken Hall to the west.</b>				
45. Sources of Information <b>Physical Plant Department, Construction Information, 1975; Flintermann, Peter, Miami Buildings, Past and Present; Miami Alumnus, 9/1/1955.</b>				
46. Prepared By: <b>Nathalie Wright</b>		47. Organization: <b>Historic Preservation Consultant</b>		6. Specific Address or Location <b>500 Maple Avenue</b>
49. PIR Reviewer:		48. Date Recorded: <b>07/30/2008</b>		
		49. PIR Review Date:		

1. No. <b>BUT-02475-01</b>	4. Present Name(s) <b>Scott Hall</b>
2. County <b>Butler</b>	5. Historic or Other Name(s) <b>Scott Hall</b>

8. Site Plan with North Arrow

54. Farmstead Plan :



Door Selection:  
**Two doors asymmetrical**

Door Position:  
**Flush**

Orientation:  
**Lateral axis**

Symmetry:  
**Other**

Report Associated With Project:

NADB #:



1. No. <b>BUT-02475-01</b>	4. Present Name(s) <b>Scott Hall</b>
2. County <b>Butler</b>	5. Historic or Other Name(s) <b>Scott Hall</b>

BUT-0247  
5-01

*42. Further Description of Important Interior and Exterior Features (Con't)*

**north and south elevations of the dining hall have wood bay window projections, with the same fenestration pattern as the rest of the building.**

*43. History and Significance (Con't)*

**exception of Hamilton Hall and the north wing of Richard Hall, the buildings were designed by the architectural firm of Cellarius and Hilmer. Completed for a cost of \$1,543,000, Scott Hall was dedicated December 8, 1957 in honor of Caroline Scott (Harrison). Caroline Scott graduated from the Oxford Female Institute in 1852. Scott married future U.S. president, Benjamin Harrison, in 1853 and was active in several charities during her adulthood, including the Washington City Orphan Asylum. In 1962, a dining hall addition was added for \$1,740,000. It was also designed by Cellarius and Hilmer. Scott Hall contains 309 residential units, and the dining hall has a seating capacity for 600.**

*44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings (Con't)*

*45. Sources (Con't)*